## Ministry of Health and Long Term Care Critical Incident Reports

Period: January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011

17 OMNI Health Care Sites Included in Numbers (\*\*\*It is important to note that these stats DO NOT include falls with hip protectors on that didn't require a Critical Incident report as they had no injury in the home\*\*\*)

Critical Incidents – Falls Resulting in Transfer to Acute Care Centre	Falls With Hip Protectors On Resulting In No Injury	Falls Without Hip Protectors on Resulting In Injury
Over a 12 month period there were 40 falls	24 of the falls resulted in no evidence of	16 of the falls resulted in fractured hips.
across 17 sites that fit the criteria of a	fractured hips. All 24 residents were under	None of these residents were wearing hip
Critical Incident under the LTCHA and	the hip protector protocol and deemed high	protectors due to various reasons (refusal
subsequently these residents were	risk for fall injury. All were wearing hip	by resident or family member as well as
transferred to hospitals for further	protectors at the time of the fall. Out of	slips before being able to apply hip
assessments.	these falls there was incidence of other	protectors). Out of these 16 residents 2
	trauma such as dislocated shoulders,	residents passed away within 30 days of
	fractured radius and suture requirements.	their hip fracture.

Cost Savings to Health Care System over 12 months: \$912,000.00

(Calculation based on research data "Fall in LTCH costs health care system on average \$38,000.00/fractured hip)